Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services		Other services	Public Administration
Total	8,640	2,970	450	880	1,640	5,670	2,500	80	500	820	1,120	370	280	
Management occupations	290	100				190	140					20		
Business and financial operations occupations	250					230			200		20			
Computer and mathematical occupations														
Architecture and engineering occupations														
Life, physical, and social science occupations	20					20								
Community and social service occupations	60					60					60			
Legal occupations														
Education, training, and library occupations	70					70					70			
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	30					30	30							
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	210					210					190			
Healthcare support occupations	300					300					300			
Protective service occupations	40					40								
Food preparation and serving related occupations	390					390	70				60	250		
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	690	20				670	30			540	30	40		
Personal care and service occupations	180					180					160			
Sales and related occupations	380					380	370							
Office and administrative support occupations	580	50			50	530	210		200		70			
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	90	70	70			20	20							
Construction and extraction occupations	1,100	1,010	270	730	20	80	30							
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	1,100	240	30	40	170	870	320	40		80	130	20	260	
Production occupations	1,290	1,050			1,050	240	190							
Transportation and material moving occupations	1,540	380	80		300	1,160	1,070			60				

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 17, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.